## EXHIBIT 8

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1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION
3	IN RE: NATIONAL : MDL No. 2804
4	PRESCRIPTION OPIATE : LITIGATION : Case No. 17-md-2804
5	APPLIES TO ALL CASES : Judge Dan Aaron Polster :
6	· •
7	
8	HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
9	SUBJECT TO FURTHER CONFIDENTIALITY REVIEW
10	
11	
12	DECEMBER 13, 2018
13	
14	VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF HBC SERVICE COMPANY'S
15	DESIGNATED 30(B)(6) REPRESENTATIVE,
16	JAMES TSIPAKIS,
17	taken pursuant to notice, was held at Marcus & Shapira,
18	One Oxford Center, 35th Floor, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
19	15219, by and before Ann Medis, Registered Professional
20	Reporter and Notary Public in and for the Commonwealth
21	of Pennsylvania, on Thursday, December 13, 2018,
22	commencing at 9:09 a.m.
23	
24	GOLKOW LITIGATION SERVICES
25	877.370.3377 phone   917.591.5672 fax deps@golkow.com

96 Yes. Sorry, yes. 1 Α. 2 Q. Who at the warehouse was aware of the 3 ordering patterns? So the warehouse had a superintendent of the warehouse. There was specialized, highly trained individuals that worked the controlled 6 7 substance cage that were the same folks that 8 picked the orders day in and day out. From 2009 until October 2014, was there 9 10 one superintendent of the warehouse, or were there multiple? 11 12 Α. I believe there was one. 13 Q. And who was that? 14 Α. Walter Durr. 15 So you said below Walter, there would Q. have been I think what you referred to as pickers? 16 17 Α. Folks who would fulfill the orders, yes. In laymen's terms, can you describe to 18 19 me what a picker does? 2.0 Α. Sure. An order comes in. And for 21 whatever product they need to get, they go to the 22 shelf, the particular shelf in the warehouse, and 23 they pick the order. 2.4 Is it as simple as walking to a shelf

and there's a bottle of pills on the shelf, and

Q. This is all getting back to identification of suspicious orders. So my question is: From HBC who had that obligation to identify suspicious orders? And I think you've identified Mr. Durr and these pickers. But if I'm missing somebody, I want you to tell me.

A. So in our suspicious orders would have been identified certainly from the warehouse, certainly folks in corporate that were -- from the procurement team buying into the warehouse. They would know if there's any spike in pattern of product being demanded to be shipped to the warehouse, et cetera.

It's not just the warehouse. It's also the folks that do the procurement of these products as well would identify any deviation. If all of a sudden they're buying X and now they're being asked to buy Y, they would identify that.

- Q. Was there any written list of items that these people in procurement or people like

  Mr. Durr, the superintendent of the warehouse,

  were supposed to be on the lookout for?
  - A. Not that I could find.
- Q. Was there any report that was generated on a daily, weekly, monthly, yearly basis,

quarterly basis that Mr. Durr or these procurement people could look at to evaluate the pattern of orders?

2.0

- A. I'm sorry. Can you ask that again?
- Q. What I'm asking about is whether or not there was any report that was generated daily or weekly or monthly or quarterly or annually that was kind of on a set basis distributed to anybody, whether it's Mr. Durr, whether it's these people from procurement, whether it's the pickers, to where they can have an opportunity to look at and review the pattern of orders going to each of the different pharmacies.
- A. Not that I could find specifically, but certainly from the procurement side, et cetera, there's reports of what they're buying and selling, sure.
- Q. Explain to me what you mean by the procurement side.
- A. So from the procurement side, the folks in the warehouse don't do purchasing. There's a group that does purchasing. So those folks that do purchasing would absolutely know what's being bought and what's being sold.
  - O. And who were those folks from 2009

117 1 Α. Yes. 2 I think you said that at some point in 3 time, there was a threshold program implemented? Α. Yes. 4 When did HBC first start utilizing a 5 6 threshold program? 7 Α. A threshold program with some IT 8 enhancements were put into place roughly in 2013. Do you know what month in 2013 or season 9 Q. 10 even? 11 I don't recall exactly in 2013. 12 Q. And were thresholds set for every 13 prescription drug or just controlled substances? Controlled substances. 14 Α. 15 And that included Schedule III controlled substances? 16 17 Α. Yes. How were thresholds established? Let me 18 Ο. 19 back up before you answer that. I'm making an 20 assumption that threshold is a monthly ordering 21 threshold. Am I wrong on that? 22 So the threshold established was using 23 diligence that was ascertained at the time from 24 DEA that a 3X threshold to be established, a monthly threshold, to your point, using 12 months 25

118 of trailing data, 3X the average for that month. 1 2 Q. Let me say it back to you to make sure I 3 understand it. This threshold program which was first begun in 2013 set a threshold at 3 times the 4 average amount of that substance that was 5 6 distributed over the last 12 months? 7 A. So 3X the company average for that chemical. So it was at the GPI level. So the 8 chemical would include all the drugs having that 9 10 chemical in it, 3X using 12 months of trailing data, 3X the company average for that chemical, 11 12 that product. 13 Q. So you explained two things there. First of all, it was based on the chemical? 14 15 Α. GPI level, yes. Does that mean that Lortab and Vicodin 16 don't get different thresholds. They're all under 17 the same threshold? 18 19 A. It's all lumped together as one 20 threshold. 21 Because that's the same combination of 22 hydrocodone and acetaminophen? 23 A. It's looking at the active ingredient, 24 yes.

Q. As far as how the threshold is set, if

119 HBC had sold a hundred HCP products over a month 1 for the last 12 months, the threshold for the next 2 month would have been 300; is that fair? 3 A. Well, the threshold was -- yes. Let me just play that back. So it would be 3X again at the GPI level of that GPI using the 12 months 6 7 worth of data, yes. 8 So months 1 through 12 Giant Eagle pharmacies had ordered 100 hydrocodone combination 9 10 products? Α. All included. 11 12 Correct. Then in month 13 the threshold 13 would be 300? 14 A. Well, it uses the average of the 12 15 months of data. When the new month comes on, the furthest out drops off. It's a rolling 12 months 16 17 worth of data, yes. But I have that math right, in month 13, 18 the threshold would be 300 because the prior 12 19 20 months, the average was 100? 21 A. But again, it uses the last 12 months. 22 So assuming that it was a hundred all those 23 months, it would be 3X which would be 300, yes. 24 Q. You said it was a rolling system. So at the 13th month, instead of HBC distributing a 25

hundred HCPs and it distributed 200, the threshold for the 14th month would be different. It would not be the same 300 because that last month would have affected the average; correct?

- A. Each datapoint adds to the average. And certainly the reason for that is there's seasonality in our business as well where products change over time, yes. The demand for products change over time.
- Q. When you say seasonality, do you mean different times of years or do you mean --
- A. Yes. Different times of year, cough and cold season versus summer months, yes.
- Q. Is there a hydrocodone combination product season?
- A. Well, certainly hydrocodone products in cough syrups, it is more prevalent during cough and cold season than it is during summer months.
- Q. I think I heard you mention that HBC received guidance from the DEA that a 3 times average was an appropriate threshold.
- A. What I said is during the due diligence to set the threshold, information was derived from the DEA published websites on a 3X threshold that they used for list chemicals, and that's where our

121 1 3X number was derived from. You're talking about the chemical 2 3 handler's manual? From what I -- to prepare for this, it 4 was based on written DEA inference on a website or a manual, I'm not sure where it was derived from, 6 7 but the DEA itself was establishing a 3X 8 threshold, and the team adopted that rationale. 9 Q. Are you testifying that the DEA had 10 suggested a 3X threshold for opioids? I'm testifying that the HBC warehouse 11 12 and the team involved found data that pointed to a 13 3X threshold tier, and that's what they adopted. 14 Q. But for opioids. That's my question. 15 Are you testifying that HBC had information from 16 the DEA that they were approving or ratifying or 17 blessing, whatever verb you want to use, a 3X threshold in 2013 for opioids? 18 No. That is not what I'm saying. 19 Α. 20 Then help me understand. Q. 21 What I'm saying is in the diligence to Α. 22 set the threshold, Giant Eagle inferred from 23 information that they gleaned from the website, a 24 manual, whatever it was, that established a 3X threshold is where they want -- the DEA was -- the 25

122 DEA over the years has not been clear about what 1 2 their expectations were of any threshold. 3 So it left each registrant to set whatever parameters and controls that they deemed appropriate. So our team used whatever they could find that was reasonably available and reasonable 6 7 to set our thresholds. 8 Q. The DEA never told HBC that a three 9 times average was appropriate; correct? 10 Α. Directly, no, never. Did DEA indirectly tell HBC that a three 11 12 times average was appropriate? 13 What I'm saying is the HBC set its 14 threshold based on information that it gleaned 15 from a DEA -- just like you showed me earlier, a page from the DEA website. There was information 16 that they used from DEA and inferred to use a 3X 17 threshold. 18 HBC set the threshold, but it wasn't just 19 20 some arbitrary number they picked. There was 21 information they used to get to a 3X threshold. 22 I'll show you what I'll mark as No. 13. 23 (HBC-Tsipakis Exhibit 13 was marked.) 24 BY MR. GADDY: I'm showing you a June 2, 2012 letter 25 0.

162 1 requirement or procedure in place to do any maintaining or logging of any type of due 2 3 diligence or investigatory type efforts to clear or justify orders that were received that may be 4 over thresholds or may be otherwise indicative of 6 diversion? 7 Α. Yes. Over time more systems were 8 developed and abilities, yes. When did Giant Eagle or HBC put in place Q. 10 a system that required employees to log or maintain files that explained why particular 11 12 orders were cleared or not cleared? 13 I can say from the diligence I had in 14 early 2017, a system was developed where 15 investigative notes and information could be entered regarding orders that we wanted to look 16 at, orders of interest. 17 Q. Prior to early 2017, HBC nor Giant Eagle 18 19 had any system that was dedicated to maintain 20 notes, reports or memos that would explain or 21 justify why particular orders were cleared or not 22 cleared? We didn't have a repository if that's 23 24 what you're asking. There were certainly definitive emails to the field, emails to the 25

warehouse, things of sorts that clearly show a diligence of trying to run the ground on why an order happened or what triggered, sure.

- Q. Can you say that that's the case for every order that ever popped up on one of these reports?
- A. I can say after reviewing and talking to associates involved and folks that do report to me, that every order that pops up of interest is investigated and either cleared or not.
- Q. But you can't tell me as you sit here today whether or not there's any documentation to prove or disprove whether or not any or all of those investigations actually happened?
- A. I can tell you that I don't know that I have specific for each line item on -- well, from 2017 on, I can tell you we have a repository that was built. Prior to that, I cannot.
- Q. That's probably the easiest way to do this. Prior to early 2017, Giant Eagle nor HBC had any repository or location, whether it's physical or digital, to maintain any type of due diligence reports or efforts; correct?
- A. There was no central repository.

  Certainly if there was folders or emails or things

171 1 BY MR. GADDY: 2 Does HBC agree that orders are not 3 supposed to be shipped to the pharmacies until they have been deemed not suspicious? 4 5 MR. BARNES: Object to form. 6 You can answer. 7 THE WITNESS: Again, in our system, 8 since we have line of sight from the warehouse all 9 the way out to the dispensing level, our 10 pharmacists are filling prescriptions pursuant to legitimate prescriptions, which then generate 11 12 orders, and we ship those orders to the 13 pharmacies. 14 BY MR. GADDY: 15 Q. My question is more about timing of the 16 shipping. So we looked at some of these threshold 17 or we looked at one of these threshold reports. And the reports indicate on their face that orders 18 19 of pills that exceeded the threshold were shipped 20 to the stores that were in excess of the 21 threshold. And you told me that after the reports 22 are generated, they're looked at, and then some 23 level of investigation is done; is that correct? 2.4 Α. Correct. You agree with me that any investigation 25 0.

172 1 that was being done by Giant Eagle or HBC is happening after the orders have been shipped; 2 3 correct? Α. Perhaps, yes, perhaps. Well, that's what the forms indicate; Ο. correct? 6 7 Well, some of them -- obviously looking Α. 8 at some of these -- you mentioned this report is on the 31st of the month. So if you look at some 9 10 of these, as I testified earlier, some of these would have already been cleared and some of them 11 12 you could already tell that there would be a false 13 positive. 14 So some of them you would have known -- you 15 would have known that -- you would have cleared them early is what I'm trying to say knowing that 16 they were a false positive. 17 But by the time the procurement folks 18 19 see this report, the pills have already been 20 shipped; correct? 21 They may have. The report -- the report 22 generates early in the morning. Stores don't 23 receive their orders till after they open. So 24 they would have been shipped, but not received in 25 some cases, in transit.

Q. Break that down for me. You state the reports are generated early in the morning. What does that mean?

2.0

2.4

- A. I'm not sure of the exact time, but certainly before our pharmacies open for business.
- Q. What time do your pharmacies open for business?
- A. Some open at 9:00. Some open at 8:00 generally.
- Q. Let me just ask it this way. Did HBC or Giant Eagle have any policy in place that any orders that popped on the threshold report were not shipped until they've been cleared?
  - A. Not that I could find a policy.
- Q. They're still operating under the threshold policy today. Today are these orders shipped or are they blocked merely because they come up on the report, or are they shipped and then the diligence is performed?
- A. So in our experience, having looked at reports having looked at thresholds, we generated very few suspicious orders over the timeframe that we've been operating. So I guess I'm trying to understand.
- In our environment, we're able to intercept,

174 1 retrieve, quarantine product all the way up to the time it gets to the store, after it lands at the 2 3 store, when in transit with the truck. So we're able to intercept -- the change of title never 4 happens. Giant Eagle owns the product. Giant 6 Eagle ships the product. Giant Eagle receives the 7 product at the stores. So I quess I'm just trying 8 to follow your question. 9 Q. Frankly, I'm trying to following your 10 answer. Because I said they're shipped before the investigation happened, and your answer was, well, 11 12 the reports are generated early in the morning and 13 the pharmacies don't open until 8:00 or 9:00, so 14 maybe they haven't gotten there yet. 15 So my question is whether or not the orders 16 are shipped, whether or not there's a policy or a 17 rule, a procedure, that requires the orders to not be shipped until somebody from procurement looks 18 19 at it and says, oh, that's a false positive, oh, 20 there's a justification for that. 21 Is there a policy, procedure or rule in place 22 that does such? 23 Α. No. 24 Q. You mentioned just a few minutes ago 25 that I guess because you're shipping to your own

stores, I think the phrase you used was the title never changes.

So what I'm asking about, are you aware of instances where you've had to turn the truck around and bring it back to the distribution center because there's pills didn't need to go to that store?

- A. In our history, we've only had very few suspicious orders, so we haven't had an instance where we needed to grab an order back.
- Q. You mentioned that you could go to a store or quarantine an order at a store. Has there ever been an instance that you're aware of where HBC or Giant Eagle has had to call the store and tell them, don't open that tote, put that to the side, we got to come, get it back from you because that order shouldn't have been shipped?
- A. We haven't, but we've had instances where we've shut off stores in the cases we've had on our suspicious orders, shutting off stores from being able to order any more product, either from us or from our other wholesaler, our commercial wholesaler. So steps quickly can be put into place.
  - Q. And I'm going to ask you about the

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176
 1
      history of suspicious order reports in just a
      second. So we'll get into that into a little bit
 2
 3
      of detail. You don't remember any times where you
      had to turn a truck around, don't remember any
      times where you had to call a pharmacy and ask
 6
      them to put a tote to the side and not open it;
 7
      that hasn't happened?
 8
           A. Not that I've seen in what I've looked
 9
      at.
10
              So every time that orders have been
11
      flagged or popped on this threshold report going
12
      back to 2013, they've always been shipped, and
13
      they've never been brought back?
14
              As far as I can tell, no.
15
           Q. From 2013 till we sit here today, every
      order that's ever popped on HBC's or Giant Eagle's
16
17
      threshold report as being over threshold has
      always been shipped, has never been reported to
18
19
      the DEA and has never been brought back?
20
                MR. BARNES: Wait a minute. Object to
21
      form.
22
      BY MR. GADDY:
23
           Q.
                Is that correct?
24
                MR. BARNES: This is one report with a
25
      hundred --
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177
 1
                MR. GADDY: That's all I'm asking. I'm
 2
      asking him the question, not you.
 3
                MR. BARNES: Don't trick him.
                THE WITNESS: Can you ask the question
 4
 5
      again, please?
 6
      BY MR. GADDY:
 7
                2013 through today, have there ever been
           Ο.
 8
      any controlled substances that have been flagged
 9
      on this report that have not been shipped to the
10
      stores?
11
                MR. BARNES: Object to form.
12
                THE WITNESS: The orders that have been
13
      flagged on this report were received by the
      stores, is that your question?
14
      BY MR. GADDY:
15
                I think you answered my question.
16
           So every report -- every entry that's flagged
17
      here on this report was sent to the stores;
18
19
      correct?
20
                Every entry on these stores, none of
21
      them were flagged as suspicious. They were all
22
      investigated and cleared.
23
           Q. And that's fine if that's what the
24
      answer is. I'm just trying to make sure that's
25
      clear.
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178 That is the answer. I'm telling you 1 Α. 2 what happens. 3 Q. Going back to 2013, as we sit here today, every item that's showing up on this report 4 has been investigated and cleared? 6 Α. Yes. 7 Ο. From 2009 until 2014 -- here I'm only 8 asking about HBC; I'm not asking about the new Giant Eagle distribution center -- do you have any 9 10 understanding of how many orders for hydrocodone 11 combination products HBC received from Giant Eagle 12 pharmacies? 13 I'm sorry. One more time. 2009 to 2014? 14 15 Sure. I'm only asking about HBC. I'm not asking about the Giant Eagle facility. 16 Do you have an understanding as to how many 17 orders for hydrocodone combination products HBC 18 19 received from Giant Eagle pharmacies? 20 Α. How many orders HBC -- I'm sorry. I'm just trying to follow. How many orders HBC 21 22 received? 23 Q. Correct. 24 Α. From Giant Eagle pharmacies? 25 Ο. Correct.

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276
 1
           Α.
                Yes.
                Can you just briefly summarize those for
 2
           Q.
 3
      us?
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
                THE WITNESS: Certainly there was a lot
 5
 6
      of pop-up pharmacies on the internet that the DEA
 7
      was cracking down on and certainly there wasn't a
 8
      valid patient/prescriber relationship, and the DEA
      had ramped up regulatory efforts against those to
 9
10
      curb them or shut them down.
11
      BY MR. BARNES:
12
                Did HBC or Giant Eagle at any time ever
13
      supply an internet pharmacy at any time?
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
14
15
                THE WITNESS: No.
      BY MR. BARNES:
16
                Now, with respect to the physical
17
      structure of the HBC warehouse, did you have a
18
19
      locked cage?
20
           Α.
                Yes.
21
           Ο.
                Was there controlled access to that
22
      locked cage?
23
           Α.
                Yes.
24
                Was that locked cage inspected and
      approved by the DEA?
25
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277
 1
           Α.
                Yes.
 2
           Q.
                Was admittance to the locked cage
      limited to only certain personnel?
 3
           Α.
                Yes.
                Was there limited entry for the number
 6
      of personnel?
 7
           Α.
                Yes.
 8
           Q.
                What was that number, do you recall?
                Three or four individuals only.
 9
           Α.
10
                Were they using any type of digital
      inventory system with scanners and wrist bands and
11
12
      things of that nature while they were inside the
13
      controlled substance locked area?
14
           Α.
                Yes.
15
                Do you know the name of that system?
           Q.
                I believe Volcom. I think it's Volcom.
16
           Α.
                Can you spell that, please?
17
           Q.
                V-O-L-C-O-M.
18
           Α.
19
                And is that system a form of a perpetual
20
      inventory system?
21
           Α.
                Yes.
22
                Is that a type of internal control at
23
      the warehouse?
24
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
25
                THE WITNESS: Sure, yes.
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278
 1
      BY MR. BARNES:
                The controlled substance orders that
 2
 3
      were picked at the warehouse, the HBC warehouse,
      were they doublechecked before shipping?
 4
           Α.
                Yes.
 6
                Were there physical safeguards to
      prevent theft and diversion at that warehouse?
 7
 8
           Α.
                Yes.
                Even while picking the orders?
 9
           Q.
10
           Α.
                Yes.
                Can you just describe a few of them?
11
           Q.
12
           A. So there would be daily audits,
13
      backcounts. The system would make sure that all
      of the inventory would tie up.
14
15
                So if there was any product missing,
      would it be found fairly promptly?
16
17
           Α.
                Oh, yes.
                Was there a daily warehouse inventory
18
      for controlled substances?
19
20
           Α.
                Yes.
21
                Were there security guards and cameras
22
      throughout the facility?
23
           Α.
                Yes, multiple.
24
                Besides the daily inventories, were
      their yearly inventories and biannual DEA
25
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279 1 inventories? 2 Α. Yes. 3 Q. Was the warehouse overseen by the Giant Eagle audit and accounting department? 4 5 Α. Sure, yes. 6 You were asked a lot of questions about 7 due diligence performed in the 2009 to 2013 time period. In fact, Exhibit 12 you were shown a few 8 minutes ago and you were asked whether you could 9 10 identify specific investigations for line items on 11 these reports. 12 Do you recall those questions? 13 Α. Yes. How many transactions like that are we 14 15 talking about in any given -- any given month and year? 16 Thousands, millions, many items. 17 Α. And you can't remember every one of 18 Q. 19 them? 20 Α. No. 21 And you didn't attempt to memorize every 22 one of them in preparation for your deposition? 23 Α. No. 24 Q. Have you ever heard of the term CSOS ordering system? 25

280 1 Α. Yes. Is that something that was used for the 2 Q. warehouse facilities? 3 Α. Yes. 4 When did that program start being used? Q. 6 Α. I believe 2015. 7 Does that program have the ability to Q. stop an order if it exceeds a threshold? 8 Α. Yes. 9 10 Ο. Are you familiar with the Supply Logic software program? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 Is that another program that Giant Eagle used at these warehouses? 14 15 Α. Yes. And what did that allow Giant Eagle or 16 the warehouses to do? 17 It would allow for us to see the ins and 18 19 outs of inventory and flag anything that had any 20 risk or things to look at out of the ordinary. Is that a form of an internal control? 21 Ο. 22 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 23 THE WITNESS: Yes. 24 BY MR. BARNES: 25 Q. Was that part of the overall security

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281
 1
      system that HBC considered when it was trying to
      comply and complying with the security
 2
 3
      requirement?
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
                THE WITNESS: Yes. More further, they
 5
 6
      would look at patterns. They would look at pretty
 7
      holistically the patterns and any deviations.
      BY MR. BARNES:
 8
           Q.
                You're a pharmacist; is that correct?
10
           Α.
                Yes.
                What kind of degrees in pharmacy do you
11
           Q.
12
      have?
13
           A. Bachelor of science in pharmacy.
14
           Q. And were you a practicing pharmacist in
15
      a store for a period of time?
16
           Α.
                Yes.
17
               Was that for a different chain,
      Albertsons?
18
19
           Α.
                Yes.
20
           Q.
                Are you familiar with dispensing
      practices and things of that nature?
21
22
           A.
                Yes.
23
                In your direct testimony upon
24
      questioning by Mr. Gaddy, you referenced this
25
      integrated control system, and you referenced
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282
      three parts to it, at the warehouse, at corporate
 1
      and at the stores. Do you recall that testimony?
 2
 3
           A. Yes.
           Q. At the stores are there internal
      controls over controlled substances?
 6
           A. Sure, yes.
 7
           Q. Are there physical controls over
      controlled substances?
 8
           Α.
 9
               Yes.
10
           Q. Does that include vaults -- I'm sorry --
      not vaults, but safes and things of that nature?
11
12
           A. Locked cabinets and safes, yes.
13
           Q. And who's allowed access to those locked
      cabinets and safes?
14
15
           A. Only the pharmacist.
           Q. Does Giant Eagle have a mechanism to
16
17
      train pharmacists to keep tight control over
      controlled substances?
18
19
           A. Yes.
20
               And is that monitored by loss prevention
           Q.
      and internal audit?
22
           A. Yes.
23
               And are pharmacists and pharmacy techs
24
      trained and supervised?
               MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
25
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283
 1
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
 2
      BY MR. BARNES:
 3
           Q.
                Does Giant Eagle at the store level
      impose policies and procedures on the pharmacists
 4
      and the pharmacy techs with respect to dispensing
 5
 6
      prescriptions?
 7
           Α.
                Yes.
 8
                Are you familiar with the DEA pharmacist
      manual?
 9
10
           Α.
                Of course, yes.
11
                Is that something that's kept at every
           Q.
12
      Giant Eagle pharmacy?
13
           Α.
                Yes.
                And are the pharmacists required to
14
      review it and sign off on it?
15
           Α.
16
                Yes.
17
                Does Giant Eagle have controlled
      substance dispensing guidelines?
18
19
           Α.
                Yes.
20
           Q.
                Do those guidelines include red flags,
      things to watch for in terms of whether a
21
22
      prescription is legitimate or not?
23
           Α.
                Yes.
24
           Q.
                And are they required to review those
      and sign off that they've been trained on it and
25
```

284 1 understand them? Α. 2 Yes. 3 Q. And are all of Giant Eagle's pharmacists licensed pharmacists with experience? 4 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 5 6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 BY MR. BARNES: 8 Q. Are there other manuals containing policies at the store level related to controlled 9 10 substance other than the DEA pharmacist manual and the controlled substance dispensing guidelines? 11 12 A. Yes. 13 And do those policies include controls over all controlled substances? 14 15 Α. Yes. 16 Q. Do the stores interface with any 17 statewide systems to make sure that incoming prescriptions are legitimate? 18 19 A. Yes. 20 In the state of Ohio, is there a name Q. 21 for that system? 22 Sure. It's the prescription drug 23 monitoring program, the OARRS program. 24 Q. And is that something that the pharmacists are trained to consult? 25

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285
 1
           Α.
                Yes.
 2
                Will that provide some information about
 3
      things like doctor shopping and people coming in
      from out of state, things of that nature?
 4
 5
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
 6
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
 7
      BY MR. BARNES:
 8
                And do Giant Eagle pharmacists use that
           Q.
 9
      system?
10
           Α.
                Regularly, yes.
11
                Is the activity at the store level
           Q.
12
      reported to the DEA in terms of prescriptions
      filled?
13
14
           Α.
                Yes, yes.
15
                Is the DEA -- does the DEA from time to
      time visit the stores?
16
17
           Α.
                Sure, yes.
                Do they perform surprise audits and
18
19
      things of that nature?
20
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
21
                THE WITNESS: Audits or if they're
22
      coming in for investigations or other things that
23
      they're working on, sure, yes.
2.4
      BY MR. BARNES:
25
           Q. Do of the boards of pharmacy of the
```

286 1 states also interface with the stores? 2 A. Yes. 3 Q. Does the Ohio Board of Pharmacy interface with the Giant Eagle stores in these two 4 counties at issue? 6 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 7 THE WITNESS: Yes. BY MR. BARNES: 8 Q. Do they perform surprise audits and 10 inspections? 11 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 12 THE WITNESS: Absolutely, yes. 13 BY MR. BARNES: To your knowledge, has there ever been a 14 15 problem raised by the DEA or the Ohio Board of Pharmacy related to any of the Giant Eagle 16 pharmacies in these two jurisdictions? 17 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 18 19 THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge, no. 20 BY MR. BARNES: 21 Q. Are there controls over incoming orders 22 into the stores, including orders from the other 23 distributors? McKesson, I guess, was the main 24 distributor of controlled substance IIs for this 25 time period; is that correct?

287 1 Α. Correct. 2 Q. And when those came into the stores, 3 were there special procedures over those incoming orders? Α. Yes. 6 Were they treated differently than other 7 incoming orders? 8 Absolutely, yes. Α. 9 Q. Give us some samples of that. 10 So those orders would need to be checked in by a pharmacist, signed off on the pharmacist. 11 12 Right away when the couriers would drop off, it's 13 the expectation that the pharmacist would -- it would be segregated. They come in different totes 14 15 and they're handled differently. And any discrepancies are immediately noted or called in. 16 17 Q. Is the pharmacist required to immediately input -- update the store's controlled 18 19 substance inventory for incoming orders? 2.0 Α. Their onions? 21 Ο. Yes. 22 Α. Yes. 23 Ο. And when controlled substance 24 prescriptions are filled, is the inventory, the store inventory immediately credited for the 25

288 1 outgoing prescription? Α. 2 Yes. 3 Q. At the end of the day, is there a check of the remaining balance of controlled substances at the store? 6 A. Yes, and especially even more so on 7 CIIs. They're backcounted on every fill. 8 Q. What does it mean to backcount every fill? 9 10 The system will prompt for how many pills are left in the bottle. So if you had a 11 12 hundred pills to start and you filled 50, you 13 would expect to have 50 left in that bottle. So 14 the backcount would be to ensure that you had 50 15 left in that bottle and inputting that that you do have, in fact, 50. 16 17 Q. Are you familiar with the term monthly narc audit? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. What is that? 21 The requirement that all of our Α. 22 pharmacies do a full inventory of CII narcotics in 23 our stores and some other products as well, not 24 just can CIIs, but some CIIIs. 25 Q. So you have the daily perpetual

289 1 inventory and the monthly narc audits? Α. 2 Yes. 3 Ο. You also have the annual audits or inventories of controlled substances at every 4 store? 5 6 The DEA requires an biannual inventory. 7 We do an annual inventory on top, yes. We do a 8 yearly inventory instead of biannual. Can you tell us what a PDL is? 9 Q. 10 Α. PDL is a pharmacy district leader. And what do they do? 11 Q. 12 Α. They supervise the stores. They're 13 basically a district manager that oversees the stores for all aspects of ensuring Pharmacy 14 15 Practice Act, DEA, company policy. They're the oversight for the stores, direct oversight for the 16 17 stores. Do they regularly visit the stores? 18 Ο. 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Do they conduct audits or inquiries 21 concerning their procedures and things of that 22 nature? 23 Α. They do audits. We also have an 24 internal audit that quarterly visits the stores for a myriad of things, but yes. 25

```
290
              Is there any supervision of training of
 1
 2
      pharmacists?
 3
           Α.
               Yes.
           Q. Is that something a PDL does?
 4
           A. A PDL would definitely make sure any
 6
      training that needs to be done or computer-based
 7
      training is completed, and if there's any
      remediation that's needed, that's their job to
 8
      make sure.
 9
10
           O. Do the stores work with local law
      enforcement, police, board of pharmacy inspectors,
11
      DEA agents?
12
13
           A. Oh, yes, all the time.
14
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
15
      BY MR. BARNES:
           Q. Is that cooperative working
16
17
      relationship?
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
18
19
                THE WITNESS: Very much so, yes.
20
      BY MR. BARNES:
21
           Q. In working with local law enforcement
22
      and DEA, have you been able to uncover people
23
      attempting to pass bad scripts, things of that
24
      nature?
25
           A. Yes.
```

```
291
 1
           Ο.
                Is there a pharmacy investigator?
 2
           Α.
                Yes.
 3
           Q.
                Who is that?
           Α.
                Rick Shaheen.
                If how much experience does he have?
           Q.
 6
                He has a lot of experience. He has a
 7
      background in law enforcement, attorneys general's
 8
      office, a very -- has a lot of contacts with DEA,
      boards of pharmacy. So he's been -- he's been in
 9
10
      the business a long time.
11
           Q. Does he spend a lot of time in the
12
      stores?
13
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
14
15
      BY MR. BARNES:
16
           0.
                Does he also work individually with
      local law enforcement and DEA?
17
18
           Α.
                Yes.
                Are you familiar with the term or the
19
           Q.
20
      acronym BOLO, B-O-L-O?
21
           Α.
                Yes.
22
                What is it?
           Q.
23
           A. Be on the lookout for. So he will send
24
      out bulletins to the pharmacists when either law
25
      enforcement will tell him that there's bad scripts
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```
292
 1
      on the street or a prescription pad, for example,
      if it's stolen or something, either if we have
 2
      information -- so Rick is involved with -- Rick
 3
      and Andrew, who work for Rick, are involved with
 4
      all of those activities and alert our stores as
 5
 6
      soon as they know something and we disseminate
 7
      very quickly to all our stores.
 8
                And is that the type of information
      that's also in the OARRS database, or is that
 9
10
      different?
11
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
12
                THE WITNESS: Different.
13
      BY MR. BARNES:
           Q. Are there daily counts of certain drugs?
14
15
           Α.
                Yes.
16
                Does that include HCP, hydrocodone, or
      HCP products?
17
18
           Α.
                Yes.
                Is there an electronic prescription
19
           Q.
20
      system with perpetual logs at the stores?
21
           Α.
                Yes.
22
                Is that a form of internal control?
           Q.
23
           Α.
                Yes.
24
                Is there diversion training for pharmacy
      employees on a yearly basis?
25
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293
 1
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
 2
 3
      BY MR. BARNES:
           Q. Now, you were asked a lot of questions
 4
      about so-called suspicious orders. And I didn't
      hear a lot of questioning about diversion.
 6
 7
           Do you understand the term diversion?
 8
                MR. GADDY: Objection to the question,
      form of the question.
9
10
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
      BY MR. BARNES:
11
12
           Q. What does the term diversion mean to
13
      you?
           A. Diversion, theft, loss, things being
14
15
      routed to folks that shouldn't have access to the
16
      drugs or prescriptions.
           Q. If an order is suspicious, does that
17
      mean it was diverted?
18
19
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
                THE WITNESS: No, not necessarily, no.
20
      BY MR. BARNES:
21
22
                In fact, what has HBC's and Giant
23
      Eagle's experience been with respect to so-called
24
      suspicious orders or flagged orders? Have they
      resulted in uncovering diversion?
25
```

294 1 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: No. 2 3 BY MR. BARNES: What happens to -- you were asked 4 Q. 5 questions on Exhibit 15 of these units in Cuyahoga County. What happened to those 6 7 units? Where did they go? 8 MR. GADDY: Objection to form. 9 THE WITNESS: Assuming those were the 10 units that we dispensed out of HBC, they were dispensed to patients that were pursuant --11 on a valid prescription. 12 13 BY MR. BARNES: And how about the dosage units that went 14 15 out to Summit County presuming that these numbers 16 are correct? 17 MR. GADDY: Same objection. THE WITNESS: The same. Every single 18 19 one of them would have been dispensed pursuant to a prescription by a licensed practitioner for 20 21 those patients. 22 BY MR. BARNES: 23 In your direct questioning today, were 24 you shown at any time any evidence, any document, any piece of paper by plaintiffs' counsel 25

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295
 1
      suggesting that any single one of these
 2
      prescriptions was anything other than a legitimate
 3
      prescription issued by a doctor who had a
      legitimate license to issue it?
 4
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
 5
 6
                THE WITNESS: No.
 7
      BY MR. BARNES:
 8
           Q. Were you shown any evidence at any time
      that any of these prescriptions caused anybody any
 9
10
      harm at any time in any jurisdiction?
11
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
12
                THE WITNESS: No.
13
      BY MR. BARNES:
           Q. Did the DEA at any time inform HBC or
14
15
      Giant Eagle that it was required to keep records
      of every call, every conversation that was made
16
      with respect to following up on orders of
17
18
      interest?
19
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
20
                THE WITNESS: No.
      BY MR. BARNES:
21
22
                Did HBC and Giant Eagle keep those
23
      records and emails in other types of files?
24
           A. Yes.
           Q. Is Giant Eagle's integrated system
25
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```
296
 1
      designed to maintain the integrity of the closed
 2
      system of distribution from incoming at the
 3
      warehouse to outgoing at the stores?
           Α.
                Yes.
 4
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
 5
 6
      BY MR. BARNES:
 7
                The system that was designed by Giant
           Q.
 8
      Eagle, did you expect it to ever produce a
      suspicious order?
 9
10
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
11
                THE WITNESS: No.
12
      BY MR. BARNES:
13
           Q. Before you had the threshold-based
14
      system, you've already testified, I think, there
15
      was one suspicious order?
           Α.
16
                Yes.
17
                And after you had the threshold-based
      system, you had one suspicious order?
18
19
           Α.
                One more, yes.
20
           Q. What does that tell you?
21
                MR. GADDY: Objection to form.
22
                THE WITNESS: That we had adequate
23
      controls from the beginning. Adding more layers
24
      of controls didn't materially change the outcome
      of the system we had in place.
25
```

305 Ο. You mentioned the pharmacy investigator, 1 Rick Shaheen; correct? 2 3 Α. Yes. Q. Does Mr. Shaheen have any training or education in detecting or identifying suspicious 6 orders of controlled substances that would come 7 from pharmacies? 8 Having met Mr. Shaheen and spending time Α. with Mr. Shaheen and looking at his very diverse 9 10 background, I feel he's absolutely qualified to do investigations to support our operation, yes. 11 12 Q. I'm not questioning his qualifications 13 as a law enforcement officer or as a pharmacy 14 investigator. What I'm asking is a little bit 15 different. 16 I'm asking whether or not you're aware of him having any training or experience or education as 17 it relates to HBC's duty under the Controlled 18 19 Substance Act to design and operate a system to 20 detect suspicious orders. 21 Α. That I do not know, no. 22 We agree that HBC was under no 23 obligation to utilize a threshold system in 2013; 2.4 correct?

25

Α.

Correct.

306 1 Ο. But HBC chose to do so; correct? 2 Α. As one level of control, yes. 3 Q. And this was touched on a little bit earlier, but I think with me you indicated that 4 the original methodology was flawed and was a system that could produce false positives; 6 7 correct? 8 Certainly. When you do an average, yes, Α. 9 it's possible, yes. 10 Then you also were asked after lunch 11 whether or not that same system could produce 12 false negatives, and you agreed that was also a 13 possibility; right? 14 A. Possible, yes. 15 I might get these numbers wrong, but I 16 believe the example you gave to me when I was 17 asking questions this morning was that you had some pharmacies that wrote 6000 scripts per month, 18 19 and you had some pharmacies that wrote 300 scripts 20 per month. If you mean dispense, yes, but that's 21 22 not just controlled substances. That's total 23 prescriptions. But yes. 24 Q. Sure. So just like I think the example

you pointed out or maybe one of your higher volume